



**COUNCIL OF
THE EUROPEAN UNION**

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LEGISLATIVE ACTS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS

Subject : Council Regulation on the requirement for the competent authorities of the Member States to stamp systematically the travel documents of third-country nationals when they cross the external borders of the Member States and amending the provisions of the Convention implementing the Schengen agreement and the common manual to this end

COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No /2004
of

on the requirement for the competent authorities of the Member States
to stamp systematically the travel documents of third-country nationals
when they cross the external borders of the Member States
and amending the provisions of the Convention implementing
the Schengen agreement and the common manual to this end

THE COUNCIL OF THE EUROPEAN UNION,

Having regard to the Treaty establishing the European Community, and in particular
Article 62(2)(a) thereof,

Having regard to the proposal from the Commission,

Having regard to the opinion of the European Parliament ¹,

¹ OJ C [...], [...], p. [...].

Whereas:

- (1) The European Council held in Seville on 21 and 22 June 2002 called for closer co-operation in combating illegal immigration and called on the Commission and the Member States to take operational steps to ensure an equivalent level of control and surveillance of external borders.
- (2) The provisions of the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement of 14 June 1985¹, and of the common manual² concerning the crossing of external borders lack clarity and precision as regards the obligation to affix stamps to the travel documents of third-country nationals when they cross external borders. As a result, such provisions lead to divergent practices in the Member States and make it difficult to check whether the conditions relating to the duration of short stays for such third-country nationals on the territory of the Member States are fulfilled, namely a maximum of three months in any six-month period.
- (3) At its meeting of 27 and 28 February 2003, the Council expressed support for the Commission's intention to clarify the existing rules in this area, notably by specifying, by way of a proposal for a Council Regulation the obligation for the Member States to stamp systematically third-country nationals' travel documents on entry and exit at external border crossings.

¹ OJ L 239, 22.9.2000, p. 19. Convention at last amended by Regulation (EC) No 871/2004 (OJ L 162, 30.4.2004, p. 29).

² OJ C 313, 16.12.2002, p. 97. Manual as last amended by Decision 2004/574/EC (OJ L 261, 6.8.2004, p. 36).

- (4) In its Conclusions of 8 May 2003 the Council called for separate control lanes for different nationalities, differentiated by signs. Specific Community rules on local border traffic should improve the management of external borders by the services responsible, making it easier to overcome any practical difficulties arising from the requirement to stamp third-country nationals' travel documents systematically. These measures will also help to ensure that any measures relaxing checks on persons at external borders are exceptional.
- (5) The obligation on the Member States to stamp third-country nationals' travel documents systematically when they enter the territory of the Member States provides, in conjunction with the limitation regarding the circumstances in which measures relaxing checks on persons at external borders may be adopted, the possibility of presuming, in the absence of a stamp on such travel documents, that their holder is not, or is no longer, respecting the conditions relating to the duration of a short stay.
- (6) However, it should be possible for the third country national concerned to overturn this presumption by any form of relevant and credible proof. In such cases, the competent national authorities should certify the date and the place of the relevant border crossing so as to provide the third country national concerned with evidence of the compliance with the conditions relating to the duration of the stay.
- (7) The stamping of the travel document makes it possible to establish, with certainty, the date and place of the crossing of the border, without establishing in all cases that all the required travel document control measures have been carried out.

- (8) This Regulation should also define the categories of persons whose documents do not have to be stamped systematically upon crossing the external borders of the Member States. In this context, it should be stressed that Community rules on local border traffic, including rules on the stamping of travel documents of border residents, are in the course of preparation. Pending the adoption of Community rules on local border traffic, the possibility of exempting the travel documents of border residents from the obligation of stamping should be maintained in accordance with existing bilateral agreements on local border traffic.
- (9) The provisions of the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement and the common manual should be amended accordingly.
- (10) In accordance with Articles 1 and 2 of the Protocol on the position of Denmark annexed to the Treaty on European Union and to the Treaty establishing the European Community, Denmark is not taking part in the adoption of this Regulation and is not bound by it or subject to its application. Given that this Regulation builds on the Schengen acquis under the provisions of Title IV of Part Three of the Treaty establishing the European Community, Denmark shall, in accordance with Article 5 of the said Protocol, decide within a period of six months after the Council has adopted this Regulation whether it will implement it in its national law.
- (11) As regards Iceland and Norway, this Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis, within the meaning of the Agreement concluded by the Council of the European Union and the Republic of Iceland and the Kingdom of Norway concerning the association of those two States with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis ¹, which fall within the area referred to in Article 1(A) of Decision 1999/437/EC ² on certain arrangements for the application of that Agreement.
- (12) As regards Switzerland, this Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis within the meaning of the Agreement signed between the European Union, the European Community and the Swiss Confederation concerning the association of the Swiss Confederation with the implementation, application and development of the Schengen acquis ³, which fall in the area referred to in Article 1(A) of Decision 1999/437/EC read in conjunction with Article 4(1) of the Council Decisions of 25 October 2004 on the signing on behalf of the European Union, and on the signing on behalf of the European Community, and on the provisional application of certain provisions of that Agreement ⁴.

¹ OJ L 176, 10.7.1999, p. 36.

² OJ L 176, 10.7.1999, p. 31.

³ Council doc. 13054/04 accessible on <http://register.consilium.eu.int>

⁴ Council doc. 13464/04 and 13466/04 accessible on <http://register.consilium.eu.int>

- (13) This Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis in which the United Kingdom does not take part, in accordance with Council Decision 2000/365/EC of 29 May 2000 concerning the request of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to take part in some of the provisions of the Schengen acquis ¹. The United Kingdom is therefore not taking part in its adoption and is not bound by it or subject to its application.
- (14) This Regulation constitutes a development of the provisions of the Schengen acquis in which Ireland does not take part, in accordance with Council Decision 2002/192/EC of 28 February 2002 concerning Ireland's request to take part in some of the provisions of the Schengen acquis ². Ireland is therefore not taking part in its adoption and is not bound by it or subject to its application,

HAS ADOPTED THIS REGULATION:

Article 1

The purpose of this Regulation is:

- to reiterate the obligation for the competent authorities of the Member States to stamp systematically third-country nationals' travel documents when they cross the external borders of the Member States;
- to specify the conditions under which the absence of an entry stamp on third-country nationals' travel documents may constitute a presumption that the authorised duration of a short stay by such nationals on the territory of the Member States has been exceeded.

¹ OJ L 131, 1.6.2000, p. 43.

² OJ L 64, 7.3.2002, p. 20.

Article 2

The provisions of the Convention implementing the Schengen Agreement are hereby amended as follows:

1) Article 6(2)(e) shall be replaced by the following:

"(e) If in exceptional and unforeseen circumstances requiring immediate measures such checks cannot be carried out, priorities must be set. In that case, entry checks shall as a rule take priority over exit checks";

2) The following Articles shall be inserted:

"Article 6a

The travel documents of third-country nationals referred to in Article 5(1)a), shall be systematically stamped on entry and exit.

Article 6b

1. If the travel document of a third-country national does not bear an entry stamp, the competent national authorities may presume that the holder does not fulfil, or no longer fulfils, the conditions of duration of stay applicable within the Member State concerned.

2. This presumption may be rebutted where the third-country national provides, by any means, credible evidence such as transport tickets or proof of his or her presence outside the territory of the Member States, which shows that he or she has respected the conditions relating to the duration of a short stay.

In such cases:

- (a) where the third-country national is found on the territory of the Member States applying the Schengen acquis in full, the competent authorities shall indicate, in accordance with national law and practice, in the third-country national's travel document the date on which, and the place where, the person has crossed the external border of one of these Member States;
- (b) where the third-country national is found on the territory of a Member State in respect of which the decision contemplated in Article 3(2) of the 2003 Act of Accession has not been taken, the competent authorities shall indicate, in accordance with national law and practice, in the third-country national's travel document the date on which, and the place where, the person has crossed the external border of that Member State;
- (c) in addition to the indication as referred to in (a) and (b), a form as shown in the Annex may be given to the third-country national concerned;
- (d) Member States shall inform each other and the Commission and the Council Secretariat of their national practices with regard to the indication referred to in this Article.

3. Should the presumption referred to in paragraph 1 not be rebutted, the third-country national may be expelled by the competent authorities from the territory of the Member States concerned."

Article 3

Part II of the common manual is hereby amended as follows:

1) Point 1.3.5 shall be replaced by the following:

"1.3.5. Checks at land borders may be relaxed as a result of exceptional and unforeseen circumstances. This will be the case where unforeseen events lead to such intensity of traffic that the delay in the time taken to reach checking posts becomes excessive, and all resources have been exhausted as regards staff, facilities and organisation."

2) The following point shall be inserted:

"1.3.5.4. Even in the event of checks being relaxed, the officials locally responsible for border checks must stamp the travel documents of third-country nationals both on entry and exit."

3) Point 2.1.1 is hereby amended as follows:

(a) The introductory phrase of the first subparagraph shall be replaced by the following:

"2.1.1. On entry into, or exit from, the territory of a Member State, a stamp shall be affixed to";

(b) The second subparagraph shall be replaced by the following:

"No entry or exit stamp shall be affixed to the documents of citizens of the European Union, nationals of the countries of the European Economic Area, nationals of the Swiss Confederation.

In addition, entry and exit stamps shall not be affixed to documents of nationals of third countries who are family members of citizens of the European Union, of nationals of the countries of the European Economic Area or of nationals of the Swiss Confederation provided that they present a residence card issued by a Member State or by one of these third States in accordance with Directive 2004/38/EC of the European Parliament and of the Council of 29 April 2004 on the right of citizens of the Union and their family members to move and reside freely within the territory of the Member States ¹.

¹ OJ L 158, 30.4.2004, p. 77."

4. The following indent shall be added to point 2.1.5.:

"- on the travel documents of the beneficiaries of bilateral agreements on local border traffic that do not provide for the stamping of these documents, if these bilateral agreements are in accordance with Community law".

5. The following subparagraph shall be added to point 3.4.2.3.:

"Even in the event of a relaxation of the checks, the officials responsible must proceed in accordance with point 1.3.5.4. "

Article 4

The text appearing to the Annex shall be annexed to the common manual.

Article 5

The Commission shall report to the Council on the operation of this Regulation at the latest three years after its entry into force.

Article 6

This Regulation shall enter into force on the day of its publication in the Official Journal of the European Union.

It shall apply from *

This Regulation shall be binding in its entirety and directly applicable in the Member States in accordance with the Treaty establishing the European Community.

Done at Brussels, [...]

For the Council

The President

* The first day of the month following the day of the publication of this Regulation in the Official Journal.

"ANNEX 16

Name of State

LOGO OF STATE

(Name of Office)



No logo required for Iceland and Norway

**APPROVAL OF THE EVIDENCE REGARDING THE RESPECT OF THE
CONDITION OF THE DURATION OF A SHORT STAY IN CASES WHERE THE
TRAVEL DOCUMENT DOES NOT BEAR AN ENTRY STAMP**

On _____ at (time) _____ at (place) _____

We, the undersigning authority, _____ have before
us:

Surname _____ First name _____

Date of birth _____ Place of birth _____ Sex: _____

Nationality _____ Resident in _____

Travel document _____ number _____

Issued in _____ on _____

Visa number _____ (if applicable) issued by _____

for a period of _____ days on the following grounds: _____

Having regard to the evidence relating to the duration of his (her) stay on the territory of the Member States that he (she) has provided, he (she) is considered to have entered the territory of the Member State _____ on _____ at _____ at the border point _____

Contact details of the undersigning authority:

Tel: _____

Fax: _____

e-mail: _____

The person concerned shall receive a copy of this document.

Person concerned

Officer responsible

+ stamp